4724.

grams established by such departments or agencies.

(Pub. L. 101–628, title XI, §1109, Nov. 28, 1990, 104 Stat. 4503.)

CHAPTER 67—AQUATIC NUISANCE PREVENTION AND CONTROL

SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec.

4701. Findings and purposes.

- (a) Findings.
- (b) Purposes.

4702. Definitions.

SUBCHAPTER II—PREVENTION OF UNINTENTIONAL INTRODUCTIONS OF NONINDIGENOUS AQUATIC SPECIES

- 4711. Aquatic nuisance species in waters of United States.
 - (a) Great Lakes guidelines.
 - (b) Regulations.
 - (c) Voluntary national guidelines.
 - (d) Report to Congress.
 - (e) Periodic review and revision.
 - (f) Authority of Secretary.
 - (g) Sanctions.
 - (h) Coordination with other agencies.
 - (i) Consultation with Canada, Mexico and other foreign governments.
 - (j) International cooperation.
 - (k) Safety exemption.
 - (l) Non-discrimination.
- 4712. National ballast water management information.
 - (a) Studies on introduction of aquatic nuisance species by vessels.
 - (b) Ecological and ballast water discharge surveys.
 - (c) Reports.
 - (d) Negotiations.
 - (e) Regional research grants.
 - (f) National ballast information clearinghouse.
- 4713. Armed services ballast water programs.
 - (a) Department of Defense vessels.
 - (b) Coast Guard vessels.
- 4714. Ballast water management demonstration program.
 - (a) "Technologies and practices" defined.
 - (b) Demonstration program.
 - (c) Authorities; consultation and cooperation with International Maritime Organization and Task Force.

SUBCHAPTER III—PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF AQUATIC NUISANCE SPECIES DISPERSAL

4721. Establishment of Task Force.

- (a) Task Force.
- (b) Membership.
- (c) Ex officio members.
- (d) Chairpersons.
- (e) Memorandum of understanding.
- (f) Coordination.

4722. Aquatic nuisance species program.

- (a) In general.
- (b) Content.
- (c) Prevention.
- (d) Monitoring.(e) Control.
- (f) Research.
- (g) Technical assistance.
- (h) Education.
- (i) Zebra mussel demonstration program.
- (i) Implementation.
- (k) Reports.
- 4723. Regional coordination.
 - (a) Great Lakes panel.

- (b) Western regional panel.
 - (c) Additional regional panels.
 - State aquatic nuisance species management plans.
 - (a) State or interstate invasive species management plans.
 - (b) Grant program.
 - (c) Enforcement assistance.
- 4725. Relationship to other laws.
- 4726. International cooperation.
 - (a) Advice.
 - (b) Negotiations.
- 4727. Intentional introductions policy review.
- 4728. Brown tree snake control program.

SUBCHAPTER IV—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

4741. Authorization of appropriations.

- (a) Prevention of unintentional introductions.
- (b) Task Force and aquatic nuisance species program.
- (c) Grants for State management programs.
- (d) Intentional introductions policy review.
- (e) Ballast water management demonstration program.
- (f) Research.

SUBCHAPTER V—COOPERATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES

4751. Environmental impact analyses.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in section 941c of this title.

SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 4701. Findings and purposes

(a) Findings

The Congress finds that—

- (1) the discharge of untreated water in the ballast tanks of vessels and through other means results in unintentional introductions of nonindigenous species to fresh, brackish, and saltwater environments;
- (2) when environmental conditions are favorable, nonindigenous species become established, may compete with or prey upon native species of plants, fish, and wildlife, may carry diseases or parasites that affect native species, and may disrupt the aquatic environment and economy of affected nearshore areas;
- (3) the zebra mussel was unintentionally introduced into the Great Lakes and has infested—
 - (A) waters south of the Great Lakes, into a good portion of the Mississippi River drainage;
 - (B) waters west of the Great Lakes, into the Arkansas River in Oklahoma; and
 - (C) waters east of the Great Lakes, into the Hudson River and Lake Champlain;
- (4) the potential economic disruption to communities affected by the zebra mussel due to its colonization of water pipes, boat hulls and other hard surfaces has been estimated at \$5,000,000,000 by the year 2000, and the potential disruption to the diversity and abundance of native fish and other species by the zebra mussel and ruffe, round goby, and other non-indigenous species could be severe;